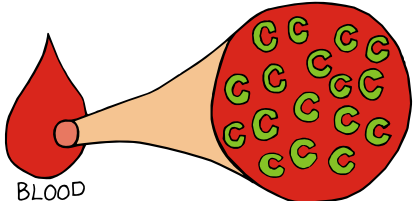


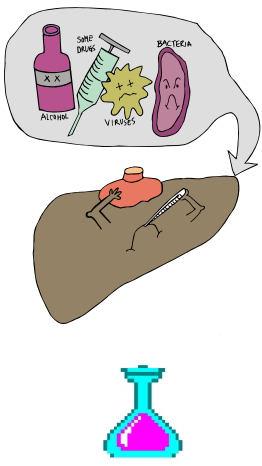


Antibody: This is a test to see if you have been exposed to the hep C virus. It does not always mean you have hep C. 1 in six people may get over hepatitis C on their own.



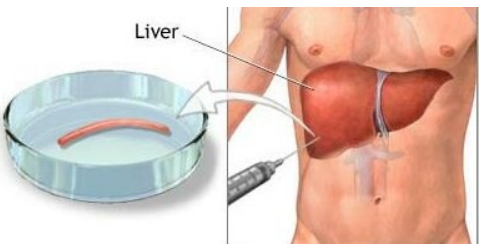
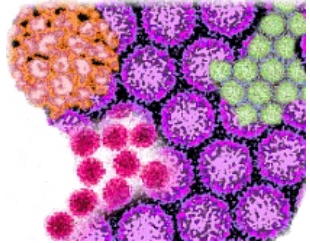
RNA or PCR Test: This tells if you have the virus in your blood. It comes in two forms the qualitative and quantitative. If it is positive that means, you have active hepatitis

Hepatitis C Testing



Liver Functions: These are blood tests that tell what is happening to your liver. If something is hurting your liver, these tests will come back abnormally. Many things can hurt your liver. Some of these tests tell the doctor how your liver is working at doing specific functions and may tell if you have early signs of serious problems.

Other Tests such as: Ultrasound and Cat-scans give the doctor a view of what kind of physical shape your liver is in.



Biopsy: In liver biopsies the doctor takes a sample of your liver for viewing under the microscope. It gives the doctor a very good picture of what exactly is happening to your liver.



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